AC-02 /03 /2019

Item No- 2.4



University of Mumbai

Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's Karmaveer Bhaurao Patil College Vashi, Navi Mumbai. (Autonomous College)

> Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's KARMAVEER BHAURAO PATIL COLLEGE, VASHI. NAVI MUMBAI (AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE) Sector-15- A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703

> > Program: M.Sc. Part 1

Course: Bioanalytical Sciences M.Sc.

(Choice Based Credit, Grading and Semester System with effect from the academic year 2018-2019)

Preamble:

Introduction:

With the introduction of Autonomy in the Credit Based Semester and Grading system, the syllabus in Bioanalytical Sciences has been revised for M.Sc. Semester -I and Semester- II. This syllabus is implemented with effect from 2018-19. The revised syllabus has been approved by the concerned authorities of the Autonomous College, Committees formed by the college, BOS members and Head/ Co-ordinatior from Department of Bioanalytical Sciences.

The syllabus has been designed such that the theory goes hand in hand with the practicals thus enabling students to develop professional skill set of a research analyst. The practicals included will give hands on practice.

Each paper has been designed emphasizing the need to develop research skills and Critical thinking/reasoning in students. This will aid the students in their specific area of their interest/ specialization in particular.

This revised syllabus is aimed at equipping students with theoretical foundations and practical techniques required in R & D, quality control, regulatory function in pharmaceuticals(drug acts and regulation, GLP,GMP and GCP etc.), environmental sciences, Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Advances in Molecular Biology, and Environmental monitoring and management. Areas covered in this course of two year will boost employability of students.

Indian Pharmaceutical industry:

Indian Pharmaceutical industry has long proved its mite both at national and international arena. With the WTO regime just rising in the horizon our pharma companies are in for a great boom especially in manufacturing and marketing generics which would be out of patent regime during 2005 to 2007. The market for these molecules is expected to be around 100 billion dollars. Even if our companies make a share of 01 % percent, substantial revenue is in the offering. Coupled with this they can strive to have few new molecules up their scheme.

Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani (ASU) Medicines - Our rich heritage:

The Indian sub-continent houses one of the world's richest flora & fauna and has one of the world's oldest medicinal systems - Ayurveda. Ayurveda (Ayur - life; Veda - knowledge) is an encyclopedia of the Indian medicinal system, which has a history of over 3000 years. It reflects the law of nature, inherent to life of all living beings. Along with Ayurveda other systems of

medicine like the folk medicines, Unani and Siddha are also being practiced in the subcontinent. Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha (ASU) medicines are quite popular among the Indians, and have been followed for over several hundred years.

Department of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homeopathy, Government of India recognizes Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani as standard systems of medicine. Having given the recognition and since these medicines are gaining the trust of people the world over, the Government is trying to implement regulatory guidelines to ensure consistent quality of efficacy & quality. Therefore, standardization of herbal medicines is the need of the hour. This will help not only lead to better acceptance of medicines of Indian systems by the people but will also help to bring these systems on par with the modern medicines where modern scientific principles and techniques are employed to ensure quality and efficacy of the drug formulations.

Inadequacy of Trained personnel:

Major hurdle faced by the R&D centers at various Pharma laboratories is the lack of adequately trained and GLP oriented personnel. This forms a major setback when the application of sophisticated technology especially in the bio analytical field is concerned. The lacunae become more evident when dealing with newer dosage forms and peptide based drugs.

Indian ASU formulations are already in great demand. There is, however, a dire need for standardization techniques based on modern instrumental procedures and principles. A major hurdle in achieving this is the lack of adequate expertise among the manufacturers of ASU drugs. The same inadequacy is seen even among the national laboratories and other Testing and research centers.

This lacunae needs to address very diligently and the proposed programme is a step in this direction. Bioanalytical evaluations are interdisciplinary programmes and require highly skilled personnel with strong background of Bio-analytical techniques. There is no programme available today for such a training to generate such expertise in analysts. Though industry uses sophisticated instruments in QC and drug development, there is a dire need of technical personnel with an overall expertise in various bioanalytical techniques including biological techniques to be able to take up R&D in newer formulations and standardization of ASU formulations to come up with meaningful evaluations.

Programme Objective:

Master of Science programme is designed to increase student's academic knowledge, critical thinking ability, and problem solving skills, and research competence that will prepare them for future roles as capable administrators, practitioners, educators, and researchers.

Programme Specific Outcome:

Professional Skills

- Students in the field of Bioanalytical Sciences will turn out to be experts in bio analytical techniques which are most prominently used in current industry trends. Student will have a firm foundation in the fundamentals and application of current advanced analytical techniques and its scientific theory.
- Student from Bioanalytical Sciences background will exhibit professional ethics, attitudes and behaviors which they will learn during 8-12 weeks internship with an industry. Student will show leadership qualities by initiating and advocating change to develop new opportunities in response to problems they identify.

Knowledge

• They will have a broad perception of knowledge that includes traditional as well as modern medicine system, regulatory body in pharmacy, pharmacognocy, clinical trial, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, applied molecular biology and microbiology.

Personal Skills

- **Problem-solving and decision-making**: Student will demonstrate use of observational, analytical and critical thinking skills to develop, implement and evaluate solutions that solve real-world problems.
- Communication presentation exercises and industrial training: Students will be trained to listen, speak and write in a manner that facilitates positive interaction with equals and senior faculties.
- **Teamwork**: Students will demonstrate appropriate and effective team behaviours in achieving shared goals in a variety of situations such AYUSH Project and projects related to Industrial visits, botanical garden visits etc.

Scheme of examination for Each Semester:

Internal Examination: 40 Marks External Examination: 60 Marks will be as follows:

	Theory:							
	Each theory pa	Each theory paper shall be of two and half hour duration.						
	All questions a	are compulsory and will have internal options.						
I.	Q – I	From Unit – I (having internal options.) 15 M						
	Q – II	From Unit – II (having internal options.)15 M	From Unit – II (having internal options.)15 M					
	Q – III	From Unit – III (having internal options.)15 M						
	Q – IV	Questions from all the THREE Units with equal weightage of marks allotted to each Unit. 15 M						
II.	Practical	The External examination per practical course will be conducted as per the following scheme.						
Sr. No.	Particulars of External Practical Examination Marks							
1	Laboratory Wo	ork	40					
2	Journal		05					
3	Viva		05					
	TOTAL		50					

M.Sc. Bioanalytical Sciences: SYLLABUS IN BRIEF

Paper	Code	Lectures	Credits	Code	Practical	Credits
Basic Chemistry, Extraction	PGBAS101	60	4	PGBASP101	60	2
Techniques, Different						
Medicinal Systems &						
Pharmacognosy						
GLP, Drug Act and Quality	PGBAS102	60	4	PGBASP102	60	2
Management						
Chromatography and	PGBAS103	60	4	PGBASP103	60	2
Spectroscopy-I						
Mala sala a Diala are		(0)	4		(0)	2
Molecular Biology,	PGBAS104	60	4	PGBASP104	60	2
Biomolecules, Omics,						
Proteomics, Bioinformatics &						
Environmental Issues						
TOTAL		240	16		240	8
TOTAL CREDITS	1		24	1	1	1

M.Sc. part 1 Semester – I and II

Paper	Code	Lectures	Credits	Code	Practical	Credits
Indian Pharmaceutical	PGBAS201	60	4	PGBASP101	60	2
Industry, Phytochemistry &						
Extraction Techniques						
IPR and Patenting, Stability	PGBAS202	60	4	PGBASP102	60	2
Studies, Basic Microbiology		00			00	-
and Medical Pharamcology and						
Packaging						
Chromatography and	PGBAS203	60	4	PGBASP103	60	2
Spectroscopy-I						
Basic Microbiology,	PGBAS204	60	4	PGBASP104	60	2
Immunoassays, Pharmacology,						
New Drug Development &						
Laboratory Safety Measures						
TOTAL		240	16		240	8
			24			
TOTAL CREDITS			24			

M.Sc.	Semester	-III
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Paper	Code	Lectures	Credits	Code	Practical	Credits
Regulatory Microbiology, Genomics, Toxicology, Neutaceuticals	PGBAS301	60	4	PGBAS301	60	2
MS applications, Metabolite studies, Thermal Analysis and Tracer Techniques-I	PGBAS302	60	4	PGBAS302	60	2
Standardization of ASU drugs, Statistics & GMP- I	PGBAS303	60	4	PGBAS303	60	2
BA/ BE Studies, GCP and Method Validation-I	PGBAS304	60	4	PGBAS304	60	2
TOTAL		240	16		240	8
TOTAL CRED	ITS			24		

M. Sc. Semester- IV

Paper	Code	Lectures	Credits	Code	Practical	Credits
Bioassays, PCR,	PGBAS401	60	4	PGBAS401	60	2
Automation, Capillary						
Electrophoresis						
MS applications,	PGBAS402	60	4	PGBAS402	60	2
Metabolite studies,						
Thermal Analysis and						
Tracer Techniques-II						
Regulatory aspects of	PGBAS403	60	4	PGBAS403	60	2
ASU, Nanotechnology,						
Drug Delivery						
systems,EDM,						
Regulatory issues						
TDM,	PGBAS404	60	4	PGBAS404	60	2
Pharmacovigilance,						
CDM,BA/BE,						
Environmental Safety						
TOTAL		240	16		240	8
TOTAL CRED	ITS			24		

M. Sc. Semester I

PGBAS101-Basic chemistry, Extraction Techniques, Different Medicinal Systems, Pharmacognosy

Course Objective:

- 1. **Basic principles of chemistry & Principle of extraction and Isolation of analytes:** The learner will learn about basic principles in chemistry, different methods of extraction of analyte, physico-chemical property of drugs and solvents. This topic also includes the first law of drug metabolism.
- 2. Indian systems of Medicine (ASU) Ayurveda, Siddha & Unani: The main objective of this particular topic is to introduce student to various traditional Indian medicine system with the help of appropriate examples.
- 3. **Modern Medicine**: The topic, modern medicine will aid in students knowledge regarding the modern medicine which includes principle and practice of modern medicine along with detailed knowledge of API, excipients and various dosage forms.
- 4. **Pharmacognosy**: The Pharmacognosy subjects main goal is to introduce students with various plant systems and their medicinal uses. This topic also includes introduction to topics such as Herbaria, Ethanobotany etc.

Course Outcome: student will be to understand about different medicinal systems of India as well as its standardization and regulation in India and different extraction techniques and basic principles of chemistry.

101.1	Basic principles of chemistry & Principle of extraction and Isolation of analytes	(15)
101.2	Indian systems of Medicine (ASU) – Ayurveda, Siddha & Unani	(15)
101.3	Modern Medicine	(15)
101.4	Pharmacognosy	(15)

PGBAS102- GLP, Drug Act and Quality Management Course Objective:

- 1. **GLP:** In this topic students will learn about various guidelines to be followed for good laboratory practices along with preparation of SOPs (Standard Operating Procedure) for operating various instruments.
- 2. **Pharmacopoeial standards and testing procedure:** In this particular module students will be introduced to WHO guidelines, pharmacopoeia and the specified test in monographs w.r.t. various formulations (i.e. Injectibles, solid dosage forms etc.)
- 3. **Drug Acts and Regulations:** This module aims at studying various Drug and cosmetic acts w.r.t Schedule Y, M, H, introduction to foreign guidelines and also introduction to CFR21 part11.
- 4. **Quality Control and Quality Assurance:** This topic will educate learner in understanding quality control and quality assurance with respect to standardizing an analytical method, factors for standardization and its documentation etc.

Course Outcome: student should understand and describe basic regulatory guideline with respect to food and Pharma Industry, using pharmacopoeias as reference and also will learn about QA & QC

102.1	Good Laboratory Practice (GLP)	(15)
102.2	Pharmacopeial standards and Testing Procedure	(15)

102.3	Drug Acts & Regulations	(15)
102.4	Quality Control (QC) and Quality Assurance (QA)	(15)

PGBAS103-Chromatography & Spectroscopy-I

Course Objective:

- 1. **Theory of Chromatographic separation and TLC:** This module will facilitate lerner in understanding of principles of chromatographic separation, various chromatographic separation techniques and principle, practices and application of TLC
- 2. **HPLC 1:** This subject matter will focus students in understanding of detailed principle and instrumentation of HPLC along with different HPLC techniques.
- 3. **GC I**: This subject matter will focus students in understanding of detailed principle and instrumentation of GC.
- 4. **Spectroscopy I:** The spectroscopy module will make learner have a detailed knowledge about different spectroscopic techniques which includes, UV-VISIBLE, Nephalometry, Turbidometery, IR and NMR.

Course Outcome: student will trained in handling various analytical Instruments as well as student gain detailed knowledge in Analytical Chemistry

103.1	Theory of Chromatographic separation and TLC	(15)
103.2	HPLC – 1	(15)
103.3	GC – I	(15)
103.4	Spectroscopy – I	(15)

PGBAS104- Molecular Biology, Biomolocules, Omics, Proteomics, Bioinformatics & Environmental Issues

Course Objective:

- 1. Molecular Biology, Biomolecules & OMICS: in this module students will learn about basic molecular biology and introduction to OMICS which include Genomics, metabolomics, lipidomics and proteomics.
- 2. Electrophoresis: This module will facilitate learner in understanding of electrophoretic separation techniques, Agarose gel electrophoresis, SDS-PAGE etc. along with its standardization, detection and application.
- 3. Bioinformatics: This topic will introduce students to Basics of Bioinformatics alonf with its application in the field of Genomics and proteomics.
- 4. Environmental Issues of Bioanalytical laboratory: This basic topic will aid student in understanding of waste generated in bionalaytical lab and its appropriate disposal protocol.

Course Outcome: student will be able to recognize and get well versed with techniques related to molecular biology, softwears in bioinformatics and student will also recognize the importance of bio waste management.

104.1	Molecular Biology, Biomolecules & OMICS	(15)
104.2	Electrophoresis	(15)

Distribution of Topics

M.Sc. Semester II

PGBAS201-Indian Pharmaceutical Industry, Phytochemistry & Extraction Techniques Course Objective:

- 1. **R and D in Pharma industry and recent trends in Indian Pharmaceutical industry**: in this module learner will know the recent market trends and activities w.r.t. pharmaceutical field, along with knowledge of Global R&D and Indian Pharmaceutical R&d
- 2. Solid Phase Extraction (SPE): This unit aims at understanding this unique technique of extaction along with the detailed instrumentation knowledge and application
- 3. **Phytochemistry:** This topic will help student understand primary and secondary metabolites extracted from plants and their synthesis.
- 4. Super Critical Fluid Extraction (SCFE) and SCFC (Super Critical Fluid Chromatography): This unit deals with knowledge of the concept, instrumentation and application etc. w.r.t. SCFE & SCFC.

Course Outcome: Student will be trained in advanced extraction techniques w.r.t. industry. Student will also comprehend recent trends in Pharmaceutical Industry in India.

201.1	R and D in Pharma industry and Recent trends in Indian Pharmaceutical industry	(15)
201.2	Solid Phase Extraction (SPE)	(15)
201.3	Phytochemistry	(15)
201.4	Super Critical Fluid Extraction (SCFE) and SCFC (Super Critical Fluid	
Chrom	atography)	(15)

PGBAS202- IPR and Patenting, Stability Studies, Basic Microbiology, Medical pharmacology and Packaging

Course Objective:

- **1. IPR and Patenting-I:** This topic will help students understand concept of IPR, types of IPR and global Harmonization which will assist students in their understanding of patenting process.
- **2. Stability Studies:** This topic will include factor affecting stability of drug formulation, guidelines for stability evaluation which will aid in students detailed understanding towards conducting stability studies at industry level.
- **3. Basic Microbiology and Medicinal Pharmacology:** this topic will emphasize on basic microbiology which will help learner in understanding of further applied microbiology concepts. Inclusion of medicinal Pharmacology will make students understand the various drug used for the disease related to particular body system.

4. Packaging in pharma industry: this topic includes the basic understanding of the one of the most important part in the pharma industry, which will assist students in understanding various packaging materials, guidelines and process of packaging.

Course Outcome: students will gain knowledge of IPR and Patenting with recent examples. Student will get a clear idea on concepts of stability studies as well as packaging in industry.

202.1	IPR and Patenting- I	(15)
202.2	Stability Studies	(15)
202.3	Basic Microbiology & Medicinal pharmacology	(15)
202.4	Packaging in Pharma industry	(15)

PGBAS203- Chromatography & Spectroscopy-II Course Objective:

- **1. HPTLC:** This module will facilitate students in understanding of the detailed understanding of principle, instrumentation and application of the instruments.
 - 2. HPLC-2: This topic will aid in the understanding of HPLC instrument at an advanced level which will include chiral HPLC, maintenance of the instrument and troubleshooting.
 - **3. GC-II:** This topic will aid in the understanding of GC instrument at an advanced level which will include universal and specific detector in GC, derivatisation for GC, troubleshooting and its application.
 - **4. Spectroscopy-II:** This module will assist students in identifying the different concepts with respect to spectroscopy which will include ORD, Emission Spectroscopy, AAS, ICP and X-ray diffraction.

Course Outcome: student will be well trained in advanced chromatography techniques and Instrumentation

203.1	HPTLC	(15)
203.2	HPLC - 2	(15)
203.3	GC – II	(15)
203.4	Spectroscopy – II	(15)

PGBAS204- Basic Microbiology, Immunoassays, Pharmacology, New Drug Development & Laboratory Safety Measures

- **Course Objective:**
 - 1. Immunoassay: This topic will help in understanding of theory of Immunoassay, its requirements, practical aspects, data handling and advantages of immunoassay. This topic also includes principle and instrumentation in ELISA, its application and types of detection system.
 - 2. Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Properties: This topic includes course in the area of concepts related to pharamcodynamics and pharmacokinetics along

with routes of administration of dosage form, absorption, metabolism, ADR and SAF w.r.t. drug formulation.

- **3.** Clinical Pharmacology, NCE and its development into a New Drug and Enzymes: this module includes introduction to clinical pharmacology, new chemical entity which will facilitate students understanding towards the research in the area of clinical pharmacology and development of new chemical entity.
- **4. Laboratory Safety measures w.r.t handling of chemicals and biological materials**: this unit will provide detailed knowledge of lab safety parameters, general precautions, labels, signage's, MSDS, levels of safety, fire fighting and fire safety etc.

Course Outcome: student will understand and translate the basic concepts of immunoassays, new drug development. Student will gain knowledge in handling and classifying hazardous chemical waste.

204.1	Immunoassays	(15)
204.2	Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Properties	(15)
204.3	Clinical Pharmacology, NCE and its development into a New Drug and Enzyme	es (15)
204.4	Laboratory Safety measures w.r.t handling of chemicals and biological materials	(15)

DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES

60 Lectures / paper/semester SEMESTER I -Theory PGBAS101- Basic chemistry, Extraction Techniques, Different Medicinal Systems, Pharmacognosy (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

Module	Topics
No.	
101.1	<u>Title:</u> Basic principles of chemistry & Principle of extraction and Isolation of
	analytes (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Atom and its structure, types of bonds Volumetric solutions: Solubility, Normality, Molarilty, Molality, Equivalent weight, Buffer solutions, dissociation and dissolution Physico-chemical properties of drugs and solvents Concept of partition & Partition Coefficient Solvent properties Selection of solvent Extraction efficiency Introduction to classical methods of extraction Introduction to modern methods of extraction- advantages & disadvantages - Include LLE (Soxhlet) and LME Applications of extraction Microwave assisted extraction its advantages and disadvantages Ionization and its effect on the extraction of drugs Matrix components & analyte isolation Concentration of extracts Isolations of fractions
101.2	Title: Indian systems of Medicine (ASU) – Ayurveda, Siddha & Unani (15)
	Subtopics: 1. Introduction of AYUSH 2. Principles and practice of ASU 3. Types of Drug Formulation 4. Methods of Manufacture – Raw Material To Finished Product 4. Types of Drug 5. Excipients in various dosage form
101.3	<u>Title</u> : Modern Medicine (15)

	Subtopics:
	1 Principles and practice
	2. API and concept of its formulation into a dosage form
	3. Different types Drug Formulations
	4. Excipients in various dosage forms
	5. Disease Management (Comparison of ASU and Modern Drugs)
	a. Diabetes
	b. Obesity
	c. Hypertension
	a. Melaria
	f Dengue
	g. Influenza
101.4	<u>Title</u> : Pharmacognosy (15)
	Subtopics:
	1 Introduction Plants and their medicinal uses
	2. Concepts of ethanobotany, ethno medicines and pharmacology
	3. Phytogeographical regions to be explained with respect to endemism and hot
	spots (explain only concepts)
	4. Herbaria evaluation to include Plant collection, Authentication, storage and
	drying techniques.
	5. Raw material evaluation to include Microbial load, Raw material
	6 Concepts of GAP and GHP for medicinal plants(only introduction)
PGBA	SP 101
I ODII	
• Liq Dic	uid – liquid extraction of a modern drug from plasma and formulations (e.g. clofenac sodium, Glimiperide, Aceclofenac, Metformin etc.)
• Mic	croscopic evaluation of sections and powders with adulteration and formulation
con	nparision of the following medicinal plants;
1) <i>Emb</i>	lica officinalis – (Amla - dried fruit)
2) Vites	x nigundo - Leaves
3) Aste	racantha Longifolia – Whole plant
(4) Calc	otropis gigantea – Leaves
<i>S) Phyl</i>	culation in terms of percent occurrence of key anatomical characteristics in the
pov	vder to be recorded.
• Ind	ividual student must report findings of ANY THREE from the above list but in each
inst	titution evaluation on all the listed plants must be carried out.

- Separation of plant pigments using paper chromatography
- Determination of sugars by paper chromatography.

PGBAS102- GLP, Drug Act and Quality Management (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

102.1	Title: Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. What is GLP?
	2. Practicing GLP
	3. Guidelines to GLP
	4. Documentation of Laboratory work
	5. Preparation of SOPs
	6. Calibration records
	7. significance of validation in GLP
	8. Transfer of methods
	9. Documentation of results
102.2	<u>Title</u> : Pharmacopeial standards and Testing Procedure (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Introduction to WHO guidelines
	2. Introduction to Pharmacopoeias IP, BP, USP(JP, EP, AP where ever applicable)
	3. Specified test in Monographs w.r.t liquid formulation (injectible) and solid
	dosage form (USP, EP, BP, IP)
	4. Include AP, Indian HP and AFI (wherever applicable)
102.3	<u>Title</u> : Drug Acts & Regulations (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Indian Drugs and Cosmetics Act w.r.t Schedule Y. M. H. Include Schedule
	A, S (introduction)
	2. Introduction to foreign guidelines w.r.t US, EU, Australia & Japan
	3 Introduction to CFR 21 part 11
102.4	Title: Quality Control (QC) and Quality Assurance (QA) (15)
	Subtonics:
	1. Introduction
	2. What is QC? What is QA?
	3. Requirements for implementing QC & QA

	4. QC & QA concepts in ASU drugs
	5. Standardizing an Analytical method
	a. Preniminary requirements of a discriminatory quantitation
	b. Detection of the analyte of interest
	d. Semple preparation for quantitation
	6. Support work & documentation
	7. Validation
	7. Valuation 8. Audit requirements, audits and audit reports
	9. Personnel Responsibility in OA
	y. Tersonner Responsionity in QA
PGBAS	SP 102
• Stud the	dents must submit a Field Note Book of their field excursion including Presentation of field visit
• Res	earch Paper Review
• Car prep	ry out dissolution test, disintegration, hardness and friability on any one tablet paration
PCBAS10	Chromotography & Spectroscopy-I
r GDASIU.	D-Chromatography & Spectroscopy-1
(Lecture a	nothent metudes periods for Seminars and Discussions)
103.1	<u>Title</u> : Theory of Chromatographic separation, TLC & application of TLC(15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Introduction of Chromatography
	2. Principles of chromatographic separation
	3. Introduction to chromatographic separation techniques (TLC,
	HPTLC,HPLC,GC)
	4. Principles and Practice of TLC
	5. Trouble shooting in TLC
	6. Application of TLC
	7. Detection of compounds on TLC plates
103.2	<u>Title</u> : HPLC – 1 (15)
	Subtopics:
	1 Principles and Instrumentation
	1. Finicipies and instrumentation 2. The chromotogram
	2. The unionalogram

	 4. Column chemistry 5. System parameters 6. Reverse-phase HPLC 7. Introduction to various HPLC techniques; a. Ion-pair HPLC b. Ion-exchange HPLC c. Normal-phase HPLC d. Affinity Chromatography
	e. Gel permeation Chromatography
103.3	$\underline{\text{Title}}: \text{GC} - \text{I} (15)$
	Subtopics:
	 Principles and Instrumentation Factors that affect the chromatographic separation (Temperature, Type of column etc.) GC techniques Types of columns and their application Selection of liquid stationary phases (Packed and capillary columns) GC hardware Introduction to flow and pressure controllers Injection techniques- on column injection, large volume injection, split - splitless, PTV and various auto injectors- gas sampling as well as liquid sampling Column Oven- temperature programming, (High /cryogenic oven temperature)
103.4	<u>Title</u> : Spectroscopy – I (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Introduction to atomic and molecular Spectroscopy UV ,Visible and fluorescence Principles & Instrumentation Applications Nephalometry Principles & Instrumentation Applications Turbidometry Principles & Instrumentation Applications Turbidometry Principles & Instrumentation Applications Turbidometry Principles & Instrumentation Applications

6. Basic concepts of NMR spectro	oscopy
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PGBASP 103

- Gas Chromatograhic separation of solvent mixtures (e.g. Menthol & Ethanol, Toluene & Methanol etc.)
- HPLC separation of herbal raw phytoconstituent of a rawmaterial from its formulation (e.g. *Asteracantha longifolia* from LUKOL / SPEMAN, *Phyllanthus amarus* from LIV 52, *Tribulus terrestris* from Ghokshuradi guggul etc.)
- HPLC separation of a modern drug from plasma and its formulations (e.g. Diclofenac sodium, Glimiperide, Aceclofenac, Metformin etc.)
- HPLC separation of modern drugs from their combination formulation (e.g. Diclofenac Sodium &Paracetamol, Metformin &Glimiperide etc.)
- Determination of Caffeine from a given sample by i) UV spectrophotometry ii)HPLC
- IR analysis of a modern drug (e.g. Diclofenac Sodium, etc.)
- Derivatisation in GC

PGBAS104- Cell & Molecular Biology, Biomolocules, Omics, Proteomics, Bioinformatics & Environmental Issues

(Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

104.1	Title: Molecular Biology, Biomolecules & OMICS (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Introduction to molecular biology Biomolecules Nucleic Acid chemistry Transcription, translation, DNA replication Introduction to Omics: Genomics Metabolomics Lipidomics Proteomics
	 2. Significance of proteome 3. Overview of proteomics a. Methods for cell disruption/protein extraction
	b. Protein purification/ Fractionation

	C Protein identification and characterization
	4. Modification of proteins (invitro/invivo)
	a. Post translational
	b. Chemical
104.2	<u>Title</u> : Electrophoresis (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Basic Protein Chemistry
	2. Principles of electrophoretic separation
	3. Equipment and process
	4. Againse gel electropholesis 5. PAGE Native & SDS 2DGE Extensions of Electrophoresis
	Immunoelectrophoresis/pulsefield
	6 Standardization of electrophoretic technique
	7. Detection techniques
	8. Applications of electrophoresis
104.3	<u>Title</u> : Bioinformatics (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. What is bioinformatics?
	2. Databases and Search Tools
	3. Applications of bioinformatics
	a. Genomics
	b. Proteomics
	C. Drug discovery (Docking software) 4 Using various libraries & tools wirt structure/literature to drug development/
	nroteins
	5. Introduction to Chemi-informatics
104.4	<u>Title</u> : Environmental Issues of Bioanalytical laboratory (15)
	Laboratory Waste: Management, control and Regulatory issues
	1. Introduction to types and sources of Laboratory waste
	2. <u>Chemical & Biological materials: Hazards and Handling</u>
	3. <u>Hazard Controls</u> & Information (<i>Workplace Hazardous Materials</i>
	Information System {WHMIS} as example)
	4. Introduction to :
	<u>Chemical Storage and Segregation</u>
	<u>Chemical Laboratory Emergency Response</u>
	• Equipment Safety

	Laboratory Inspections
	<u>Transportation and Receiving of Hazardous Materials</u>
	5. Regulations of Pollution Control Board for Laboratories.
PGBA	SP 104
• Sep wei	aration of human serum / plasma proteins / egg white using PAGE((Protein molecular ght determination kit may be used)
• Eva app inve	luate the given data of protein and nucleic acid sequence using a global database with ropriate search engine / software (e.g. BIOEDIT). Prepare a report stating the steps olved and a brief analysis of the findings.
• Eva sea: brie	aluate the given data of peptide sequence using a global database with appropriate rch engine / software (e.g. BIOEDIT). Prepare a report stating the steps involved and a ef analysis on the functional annotation of the peptide.
• Bio SC	informatics : Clustal W. omega, BLAST A, Blast O, Fasta, Alignment, Prosite, OP, Rasmol, CATH, Identification of Protein.
• Sep	paration of proteins using 2D gel electrophoresis
• Pro	tein profiling of plant seed by SDS-PAGE
SEMESTI PGBAS20 (Le	ER II-theory 1-Indian Pharmaceutical Industry, Phytochemistry & Extraction Techniques cture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)
201.1	<u>Title:</u> R and D in Pharma industry and Recent trends in Indian Pharmaceutical industry (15)
	Subtopics:
201.2	 Historical background with emphasis on Post 1947 period Market trends and activities Govt. initiatives and the public sector in Pharmaceutical Industry The role of Drug Pricing policy in India and its impact on the Indian Pharmaceutical Industry Role of Analytical chemist in Pharmaceutical Industry Golbal Pharma R&D R&D strategies in Indian Pharma Bulk Drug manufacturing & its R&D Varied Dosage forms and its R&D
201.2	Title: Solid Phase Extraction (SPE) (15)

	Subtopics:
	 Introduction General properties of bonded silica sorbents Sorbent/analyte interactions Sample pretreatment of different biological matrices Developing SPE methods Disc cartridges 96-Well Format (e.g. Porvair Microsep TM system) Direct injection of plasma in cartridges
201.3	9. Other new developments in extraction techniques Title: Phytochemistry (15)
	Subtopics: 1) Natural drug substances from plants (primary and secondary metabolites) 2) Broad classification of secondary metabolites
	a. Nitrogenousb. Non nitrogenousc. Isoprenoids
	 3) Secondary drug metabolite production with special reference with integrated pathway. (shikmic pathways, mevalonate pathways) 4) Key Factors affecting synthesis of secondary metabolites 5) Choice of solvent for extraction of phytoconstituents 6) Extraction Techniques of Crude plant material w.r.t a)maceration b)percolation c)steam distillation
201.4	<u>Title</u> : Super Critical Fluid Extraction (SCFE) and SCFC (Super Critical Fluid Chromatography) (15) <u>Subtopics</u> :
	 The concept of SCFE & SCFC Instrumentation of SCFE & SCFC Factors affecting SCFE & SCFC Benefits of SCFE & SCFC Application of SCFE and SCFE Conclusions and future perspectives Introduction of Spray Dry Extraction and its application

PGBASP 201

- SPE of a modern drug from formulation (e.g. Atorvastatin, Diclofenac sodium, Sibutramine etc.)
- SPE of a modern drug from plasma (e.g. Atorvastatin, Diclofenac sodium, Sibutramine etc.)
- Prepare specific reagents and conduct qualitative test for the presence of alkaloids, tannins, lignans, steroids and glycosides using TLC. Compare the results using standards (if available).
- Preparation of Herbarium of following medicinal plants;
 - Asteracantha longifolia
 Trigonellafoenum
 Clitoria ternatea
 Coriandrum sativum
 Achyranthus aspera
 Scopariadulcis
 Amaranthus spinosa
 Phyllanthus amarus
 Calotropri sgigantea
 Vitex nigundo

Individual student must **submit** herbaria of ANY THREE from the above list but in each institution herbarium of all the listed plants must be prepared.

• Preparation of calibration graphs for Li, Na, and K by flame Photometry using their solutions of appropriate concentrations and studying interference of i) K in Na estimation

OR ii) Na in Li estimation OR iii) Li in K estimation

- Determination of percentage purity of CaCO3/MgCO3 by i) Titrimetry
 ii) Complexometry
- Comparison of classical and modtern method of extraction of phytoconstituent of medicinal plants.

(microwave extraction, soxhlet extraction)

- Effect of drying on phytoconstituents.
- Evaluation of geographical / Regional variation interms of phytochemical by TLC using a

suitable plant example.

PGBAS202- IPR and Patenting, Stability Studies and Packaging (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

202.1	Title: IPR and Patenting- I (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Concept of IPR - Understanding the meaning of IPR & its significance in knowledge based economy.
	 Types of IPR - Patents, Trade Marks & Service Marks, Design Registration, Trade Secrets, Geographical indications, Protection of New Plant Varieties, Different Plant Extract and process patent, Copyright.
	 Global Harmonization - Impact of IPR on global trade and the need for harmonization, WTO and its role in a global harmonization, TRIPS and introduction to the articles in TRIPs document as well as the flexibilities provided by TRIPS. Indian Patent Act
	 a. Criteria to be fulfilled for Patentability - new/novel, non-obvious/inventive step, useful/capable of industrial application. b. Non-netentable subject metter - what is not patentable.
	 c. Concept of Mailbox and EMR and how it has helped India in its transition to full TRIPS compliance.
	d. Role of patentee and patent offices in patent management including lab documentation, confidentiality agreements, pre- and post-grant opposition, servicing of patents
	 e. Provisional Patents, Divisional Patents & Patents of Addition. 5. IPR as a strategic tool-
	 a. Concepts of Piracy, reverse engineering and knowledge worker. 6. International Agreements related to IPR & patents - Paris Convention, PCT.
202.2	<u>Title</u> : Stability Studies (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Factors that influence stability of drug formulations Types of Stability chambers and their design considerations Stability issues of ASU raw materials and finished products
	 Guidelines on Stability evaluations Approaches to stability studies of ASU formulations
202.3	Title: Basic Microbiology & Medicinal Pharmacology(15)
	Subtonics:
	<u>Subtopics</u> .
	1. Microbes & Their environment, Significance and scope of Microbiology, Biodiversity

	and types of Microorganisms, Visualization of Microorganisms: staining and Simple and
	compound microscopy, Electron Microscopy
	2. Growth of Microorganisms, methods to study growth of microorganisms, preservation
	of microorganisms, maintenance media, etc.
	3. Types of Drugs & mode of action
	a) Drugs Acting on Autonomic Nervous System
	b) Autacoids and Related Drugs
	c) Respiratory System Drugs
	d) Hormones and Related Drugs
	e) Drugs Acting on Peripheral (Somatic) Nervous System
	f) Drugs Acting on Central Nervous System
	g) Cardiovascular Drugs
	h) Drugs Acting on Kidney
	i) Drugs Affecting Blood and Blood Formation
	j) Gastrointestinal Drugs
	k) Antimicrobial Drugs
	1) Chemotherapy of Neoplastic Diseases
	m) Miscellaneous Drugs
202.4	$T'(1, D, 1, \dots, D, D)$
202.4	<u>11tie</u> : Packaging in Pharma industry (15)
	Subtonics
	<u>Subtopics</u> .
	2. Fundamentals of Distribution
	2. Packaging Forms & their Significance
	A Packaging Materials (covering basic mfg process, applications and
	4. Tackaging Matchais (covering basic ning process, applications and significance)
	5 Paper Paper Board and CEB Glass metals Basic Polymer based materials
	Polymer based composite materials
	6 Ancillary Mats
	7 Package Material Testing
	8. Compatibility & Migration Studies
	9. Accelerated Shelf Life Testing - Theory and Problems.
	10. GMP
	11. Packaging Validation
	12. Packaging Laws and regulatory compliance
PG	BASP 202
•	Students must submit a Report of the Industrial Visits including Presentation of the industrial visit.

• Patent Claim Drafting

- Accelerated stability studies of various formulations or drugs with respect to Temperature (b) Effect of buffers / pH dependent (2 – 4 Expts.)
- Test for degradation of compounds using TLC for any two drugs.
- Stability testing of solution and solid dosage forms for photo degradation.(2 experiments).
- Effect of hydrogen peroxide, hydrochloric acid and sodium hydroxide solutions on the stability of drugs in solution at elevated temperatures and room temperature. (2 experiments).
- Stability studies of drugs in dosage forms at 25°C, 60% RH and 40°C, 75% RH and at different Pressure

SEMESTER II-theory PGBAS203- Chromatography & Spectroscopy-II (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

203.1 <u>Title</u>: HPTLC (15)

Subtopics:

- 1. Principles and Instrumentation
- 2. HPTLC vs TLC
- 3. Densitometry & quantitaion in HPTLC
- 4. Fingerprint development and quantification of marker compound for formulation using HPTLC
- 5. Applications of HPTLC

203.2 <u>Title</u>: HPLC - 2 (15)

Subtopics:

- 1. Chiral HPLC
- 2. Column switching in HPLC
- 3. Column conditions
- 4. HPLC detectors
 - d.Introduction
 - e.Principles of detection
 - f. Universal and Specific
 - a.Detectors
 - g.Detector response
 - h.Sensitivity considerations
 - i. Selectivity
- 5. Manual and Electronic data Processing
- 6. Recent advances (Fast LC, online extractions, add on pumps, online derivatization,

	multi dimensional LC)
	7. Troubleshooting
	8. Applications of HPLC
203.3	<u>Title</u> : $GC - II(15)$
	Subtopics:
	1. Universal and specific Detectors in GC (FID, TCD, ECD, FPD and NPD)
	2. Derivatisation for GC
	3. GC strategy for analysis involving biological matrices
	4. Troubleshooting
	5. Applications
203.4	<u>Title</u> : Spectroscopy – II (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Theory and applications of ;
	i. Circular Dichroism (CD)
	ii. Optical Rotary Dispersion (ORD)
	2. Emission spectroscopy
	3. Principles, instrumentation and applications of
	i. Flame photometry
	ii. Atomic Emission Spectroscopy
	4. AAS
	i. Principles & Instrumentation
	ii. Applications
	5. ICP
	i. Principles & Instrumentation
	ii. Applications
	6. X – ray diffraction
	i. Principles & Instrumentation
	ii. Applications

PGBASP 203

- HPTLC separation of a modern drug from plasma and its formulations (e.g. Diclofenac sodium, Glimiperide, Aceclofenac, Metformin etc.)
- HPTLC fingerprinting of Herbal raw material (e.g. *Asteracantha longifolia, Ricinus cummunis, Calotropisgigantia*)
- HPTLC detection of herbal raw material from its formulations (e.g. Asteracantha longifolia from LUKOL / SPEMAN, Vitexnigundo from PANCHGUN TAILA, Glycerrizhaglabra from ANU TAILA)
- Gas Chromatographic separation of solutes from their matrix (e.g. Diclofenac sodium from its formulation, Methanol from plasma etc.)
- Determination of Caffeine from a given sample by i) HPTLC

ii) HPLC

iii) UV

SEMESTER II-theory

PGBAS204- Basic Microbiology, Immunoassays, Pharmacology, New Drug Development & Laboratory Safety Measures

(Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

204.1	Title: Immunoassays (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Introduction, Definitions and Theory of Immunoassays
	2. Requirements for immunoassay
	3. Practical aspects
	4. Data handling
	5. Advantages of immunoassay
	6. Principles and instrumentation in ELISA
	7. Applications of ELISA
	8. Types of Detection systems

204.2	<u>Title:</u> Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Properties (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Basic concepts of Pharmacokinetes & pharmacodynamics
	 n) Different pharmacokinetic & pharmacodynamics parameters and their meanings
	 o) Basic techniques of evaluating Pharmacokinetic & pharmacodynamics parameters
	p) Basic types of models in pharmacokinetics & pharmacodynamics
	q) General classification of Drugs and their formulations
	r) Drug – Route of entry, Absorption and Distribution with examples
	t) Adverse Drug reactions (ADRs)
	u) Serious Adverse Events(SAEs)
204.3	Title: Clinical Pharmacology, NCE and its development into a New Drug and
	Enzymes (15)
	1. Introduction to Clinical Pharmacology and Drug Development
	2. What is NCE? 2. Stores in the development of NCE
	A Preclinical studies on NCE
	5 Enzyme as Therapeutics agents as diagnostics as catalyst in processes as drug
	target
204.4	Title: Laboratory Safety Measures w.r.t handling of chemicals and biological materials (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. General Precautions, labels and signage's
	2. Material handling and disposal
	3. Material Safety Data Sheets(MSDS) and SOP (Standard Operating Procedure)
	4. Personal safety & Clothing
	5. Levels of safety
	6. Fire safety and fire fighting
	7. Working in Biosafety Cabinets and hoods

M. Sc. Semester III

PGBAS301 – Regulatory Microbiology, Genomics, Toxicology, Neutraceuticals

Course Objective:

- **1. Regulatory microbiology and its application in pharmaceuticals and food industry :** The learner will be taught about basic concepts of microorganisms, production of antibiotics and their applications in Pharmaceutical industry.
- **2.** Genomics : Concepts of DNA and RNA will be emphasized on and how their manipulations will help in producing transgenic organisms.
- **3. Basic and Regulatory Toxicology :** The topic of toxicology would help gain understanding in the results of pre-clinical trials.
- 4. Neutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Food as remedy in human nutrition and nutritional genomics : The topics that would be covered in this would help in understanding the concept of neutraceuticals and its application in Clinical Dietetics. This topic would also cover the instruments used in neutaceutical evaluation.

Course Outcome: Learner will be able to assess the advance concept and procedure in the field of Microbiology, Genomics and toxicological studies. The concept of neutraceutical will be help learner to develop a clear concept about the topic.

PGBAS302 – MS applications, Metabolite studies, Thermal analysis and Tracer Techniques – I

Course Objective:

- 1. MS basics: Basic principle of Mass spectroscopy along with it's instrumentation will be covered.
- **2. Hyphenation:** The objective of this unit includes hyphenation of MS with different analytical instruments like LC, GC.
- **3.** Thermal analysis: The main objective to be covered in this topic is the principle and instrumentation of various analytical instruments used in thermal analysis of a sample and its application in Indian Medicinal system.
- **4. Analytical Methods:** The student will learn on the theoretical criteria required to develop a method and sample preparation. They will also learn fundamentals of GC and Headspace GC.

Course Outcome: learner will be inculcated with Knowledge of spectroscopic techniques and its application in various fields.

PGBAS303 - Standardization of ASU drugs, Statistics & GMP - I

Course Objective:

- **1. Standardization of ASU drugs :** Why and approach of Standardization towards Indian Medicinal systems will be taught.
- **2.** General Statistical Methods : The learner will learn about various types of Biostatistical methods.

- **3.** Concepts of Biostatistics : In this unit various concepts of Biostatistics like ANOVA, COV, F test, etc. are enlighten to students wherein it gets applicable in statistical analysis in many experiments at research/industrial level.
- 4. Good Manufacturing Practices : In this topic a general idea about GMP is given to students that takes place in an industry and general idea about regulatory certification is also given.

Course Outcome : All the major concepts of standardization of ASU drugs, Biostatistical analysis and GMP whose knowledge is required inorder to work in an industry/research institute is taught.

PGBAS304 – BA/BE Studies, GCP and Method Validation – I

Course Objective :

- **1.** Ethical issues in Clinical Trials : Objectives in this unit helps in better understanding of Clinical Trials and Human rights participating in Clinical Trials.
- 2. Good Clinical Practice (GCP) : In this unit emphasis is basically done on understanding concepts of GCP of it's origin, need of GCP and requirements in GCP compliance. Guidelines of GCP wrt ICH and ICMR is emphasized on.
- **3. Bioavailability(BA) & Bioequivalence(BE) :** In this unit introduction to BA/BE is done, it's evaluating parameter and various factors that influence BA/BE of a drug. It has it's application while formulating a generic drug.
- 4. Analytical Method Validation : The main aim of this unit is to teach students which parameters are considered while validating a method. The applicable use of reference standards and working standards is also taught.

Course Outcome : Major part of Clinical trials, ethics committee, BA/BE of a drug, subject rights is emphasized on along with the knowledge of validating a method.

M. Sc. Semester IV

PGBAS401 – Bioaasays, PCR, Automation, Capillary electrophoresis.

Course Objective:

- 1. **Bio assay in Pharmaceutical evaluation :** It involves general idea about bioassays and it's types wrt to invivo and invitro assay. It also teaches about animal ethics and animal rights used in invivo assays also alternative methods to invivo assays.
- 2. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) & DNA fingerprinting : Concept of DNA amplification, DNA fingerprinting ,types of PCR and applications of genomic techniques is taught.
- **3.** Automation and analysis : This unit helps to understand advanced automation and robotic workstations and its advantages in sample preparation and handling the samples.
- **4. Capillary Electrophoresis:** Students will study CE because other important instrument like HPLC, GC, CE has excellent reproducibility, sensitivity & linearity for rapid analysis in minimal sample and solvent requirement.

Course Outcome: Student learn important techniques in the field of molecular biology which has major applications in Industry

PGBAS402 – MS Applications, Metabolites Studies and tracer techniques.

- **1. MS Applications,:** Students learn MS application in various field as well as understand hyphenated techniques with MS and its applications.
- **2. Tracer techniques in Bioanalytical assay:** This unit covers concept of Radioactivity and different radioactive emitters and their biological applications.

Course Outcome: Students will inculcate deep knowledge about MS and its Applications.

PGBAS403 – Regulatory aspects of ASU, Nanotechnology, Drug delivery systems EMD

- **1. Regulatory aspects of ASU:** Student will learn schedule T &Y. they will also study approaches of US and EU and WHO for ASU regulations.
- 2. Nanotechnology, Drug delivery systems: student will understand the concept of nanosciences, nanomaterials and its application in biological an environmental filed. They will also be able to study drug delivery system.
- **3.** Electronic data management: the aim of this unit to understand the concept electronic signature and its regulation as well as regulatory requirement of data evaluation.
- **4. Regulatory issues:** students will study the current scenario about regulatory issues w.r.t. OTC, cosmetic and neutraceutical product.

Course Outcome : Concepts of Regulatory aspects and issues of ASU and modern medicine wrt to different guidelines will be covered along with Nanotechnology and it's applications. E-Data managing as a requirement will be covered.

PGBAS404 – TDM and Pharmocovigilance, CDM, BA&BE environmental dafety

- **1. TDM and Pharmocovigilance:** Student will understand the concept of TDM, pharmacovigilance, pharmacoeconomics and its significances.
- **2. Basics of Clinical Data Management**: this unit help to understand the basic concept of CDM, its significance and different clinical study phases.
- **3. Bioavailability & Bioequivalence study:** student will understand the concept of BA&BE study design its data collection and reporting, assessment as well as its regulatory requirement
- **4. Environmental Safety in Bioanalytical laboratory:** Student will get the overview of guidelines for laboratory handling,ISO 14001, OSHAS 18001

Course Outcome: Learner will be able to understand Pharmacovigilance and basic of clinical data management. students will get a deeper insight on how to conduct BA/BE Trials

DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES	
SEMESTER III-theory PGBAS301- Regulatory Microbiology, Genomics, Toxicology, Neutaceuticals	
	(Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)
301.1	Title: Regulatory Microbiology and its application in pharmaceuticals and food industry
	(15)
	Subtopics:
	 Asepsis, Sterilization and Disinfection, concept of Death curve of microbial population, Aseptic filling in pharmaceutical industry, Classification Clean rooms / Clean areas, QA and QC in Microbiology Laboratory Important Microbes for Food & Drug Industry, Pathogenic Organisms in Food & Pharma Industry Sources of contamination, Microbial Contamination in ASU preparations Regulatory Microbiological testing in pharmaceuticals Microbiological Assays for pharmaceutical products Sources of antimicrobial agents: plants and microorganisms, therapeutic
	Antimicrobial Agents e.g. Erythromycin, Amphotericin B, Cephalosporins and their commercial production, Antimicrobial Drug Resistance and Drug Discovery
301.2	Title: Genomics (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Principles of DNA sequencing DNA & RNA probes Concepts of Gene manipulation (introduction only) Restriction enzymes & their uses Vectors & their uses Producing Transgenic organisms Hybridoma technology cDNA production & applications Gene libraries & applications
301.3	Title: Basic and Regulatory Toxicology (15)
	Subtopics:
	 Introduction, scope and types of toxicological studies. Toxicants, their route of entry, distribution Metabolism & elimination of toxicants Concept of LD50, ED50 Title: Regulatory Toxicology

	5. Types of toxicity studies
	6. Design considerations.
	7. Evaluation of results
	8. Extrapolation to man.
	9. OECD Guidelines on Toxicological studies
	10. Schedule Y and its interpretation.
301.4	Title: Neutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Food as remedy in human nutrition and
	neutritional genomics
	Subtopics:
	1. Structure function and monostry of nontropositions
	1. Structure, function and property of neutraceuticals
	2. Functional foods
	3. Human nutrition
	4. Clinical dietetics
	5. Nutritional genomics
	6. Instruments involved in neutraceutical evaluation
	PGBAS 301
	• Plant DNA astroction and constration using agerose Col
	• Franc DIVA extraction and separation using agarose Ger.
	• DNA fingerprint (Genomic DNA isolation kit may be used) of two bacterial strains
	e g Resistant and wild strains of E. coli)
	• Sterility testing (Microbial load) of drug formulations (According to IP 2013)
	• CC1/ liver dysfunction in rate and evaluation using liver function tests (An
	experimental comparison using suitable groups of controls natural recovery and
	treatment with known hepatoprotectants to be carried out)
	• LD 50 evaluation using a suitable model (e.g. <i>Daphnia</i> / rice weevil)
	• Isolation & screening of industrially important microorganisms
	isolation & servering of manshing important mersorganisms
	• Strain improvement by mutation (by LIV radiation & Chamical mutagens)
	• Strain improvement by inutation (by 0 v radiation & Chemical inutagens)
	• Central streak with Bacillus species isolated from soil
	Enterstion and encertitation of Enter and standard (Olais and data) from an dead food
	• Extraction and quantitation of Fatty substances (Oleic acid etc.) from packed food
	product (biscuits, nuts etc.)

	DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES	
I	SEMESTER III-theory PGBAS302- MS Applications, Metabolite Studies, Thermal Analysis and Tracer Techniques - I (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)	
302.1	Title: MS basics (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1.MS	
	2. MS/MS, TQ/Ion Trap	
	3. Components: Inlets, Ion sources, Analyzers, Detectors, Vacuum System, etc	
	Introduction	
302.2	Title: Hyphenation (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. LC/MS and LC/MS/MS	
	2. GC/MS and GC/MS/MS	
	3. Scan events in TQ and other tandem systems and hybrid systems	
	4. ICP/MS and its applications in pharmaceuticals and food	
	5. Recent advances in the field of mass spectrometry	
302.3	Title: Thermal analysis (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Principles of Thermal Analysis	
	2. Instrumentation Requirements	
	3. Applications of Thermal Analysis 4. Thermal analysis of Phasma proparations	
	4. Thermal Analysis of Bhasma preparations 5. Thermal Analysis Techniques	
302.4	Title: Analytical Methods (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Method development and applications	
	2. Sample preparation	

	3. Headspace GC and GC-MS
PG	BAS 302
•	LC/MS quantitation of a modern drug (e.g. Diclofenac Sodium, Ezetimibe etc.) (Demonstration and Calculation)
•	GC/MS separation of plant essential oil (Demonstration)
•	Mass Fingerprinting of peptides using a suitable sample.
•	 Preparation of Ayurvedic formulation and Standardization Research work report submission and presentation: (Project will continue till Semester IV) 1. Any oil based preparation or ayurvedictaila preparation 2. Any vatti(Ayurvedic) or Guliga(Siddha) 3. Awahela (semi-solid,jiggery/sugar syrup based formulation) 4. Any preparation from unani e.g. Saffoof, Jawarish, Majoon.
	DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES
	SEMESTER III-theory PGBAS303- Standardization of ASU Drugs, Statistics and GMP - I (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)
303.1	Title: Standardization of ASU drugs (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Need of standardization of Ayurvedic drugs
	2. What does standardization involve?
	3. Bioanalytical tools for standardization
	5 Approaches to standardization:
	6. Raw materials
	7. In-process materials
	8. Finished products
	9. Developing standardized QC methods
	10. Shelf life studies on finished products
303.2	Title: General Statistical Methods (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Basic concepts of sample statistics
	2. Concept of sample size and power
	3. Concept of randomisation and sampling techniques
	4. Concept of significance and confidence limits

Concept of significance and confidence mints
 Introduction to Various statistical tests - parametric and non parametric

	6. Use of Statistical Packages for Data evaluation
	7.Concept of random sampling and sampling techniques
	8. Concept of level of significance, power of test and confidence limits
	9.Concept of sample size
	10.Application of normal distribution
303.3	Title: Concepts of Biostatistics (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Statistical approach to biological samples
	2. Variations in biological samples & their statistical treatment
	3. Introduction to Data collection techniques
	4. Design of experiments with eg. Block designs, Latin square
	5. COV and ANOVA
	6. Student's t test and F test
	7. Regression analysis with application to Std Graph
	8. Non parametric tests with examples
	9. Statistical Guidance from regulatory agencies
	10. Student S 1 test, clif square test, Z test and F test
	12 Use of statistical masks say for data analysis (SDSS software)
202.4	12.0se of statistical packages for data analysis (SPSS software)
303.4	Title: Good Manufacturing Practice (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. What is GMP?
	2. Requirements of GMP implementation
	3. Documentation of GMP practices
	4. Regulatory certification of GMP
	5. GMP in production of ASU drugs
	6. Harmonization of SOP of manufacture
	7. Audit for GMP compliances
PG	BAS 303
•	The project should involve industrial training of 8 to 12 weeks period. Report making and presentation.
•	Problem based on Biostatistics

• Test for herbal powder/modern drug as per Indian Pharmacopoeia (Astercantha longifolia, Phyllanthus amarus, Dicofenac sodium and paracetamol)

DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES			
	SEMESTER III-theory PGBAS304- BA/BE Studies, GCP and Method Validation - I (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)		
304.1	Title: Ethical Issues in Clinical Trials (15)		
	Subtopics:		
	 Origin of Ethical Issues Dealing with Ethical issues Ensuring compliance to ethical issues Ethical Committees & their set up Regulatory powers of ethical committees Ethical issues in animal studies Compliance to ethical guidelines Dealing with Ethical issues (subject compensation and subject rights) 		
	9. Compliance to current ethical guidelines		
304.2	Title: Good Clinical Practice (GCP) (15)		
	Subtopics:		
	 What is GCP? Origin of GCP Earlier Guidelines for GCP Requirements of GCP compliance Guidelines for GCP with respect to ICH Guidelines for GCP with respect to ICH 		
304.3	Title: Bioavailability (BA) & Bioequivalence (BE) studies – 1 (15)		
	Subtopics:		
	 What is BA? Parameters to evaluate BA of a drug Factors that influence BA of a drug Evaluating BA of a drug Estimating BA parameters of a drug What is BE? Parameters to evaluate BE of a drug Factors that influence BE of a drug Evaluating BE of a drug Evaluating BE of a drug Estimating BE parameters of a drug 		

304.4	Title: Analytical Method Validation (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Strategies for Method development	
	2. What and Why of method validation	
	3. Regulatory requirements of validation	
	4. IQ, OQ and PQ of analytical instruments	
	5. Use of Reference standards 6. Issues of Method transfer	
	7 Intra and inter lab – Validation	
	8. Sampling	
	9. Calibration of glassware and instruments, concepts of Good weighing Practice	
	10. Use of Reference standards and working standards	
	11. format of Certificate of Analysis	
PG	BAS 304	
•	Determination of iron from a given sample / sample solution by	
	i) Redox titration	
	ii)Colorimetry	
	iii)Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy	
• Study of matrix effect on IR spectra using solution IR technique and quantitate the solute from a given sample. Identify solute from a given solution using IR library and carry out quantitative assay.		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES	
SEMESTER IV-theory PGBAS401- Bioassays, PCR, Automation, Capillary Electrophoresis (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)		
401.1	Title: Bio assays in Pharmaceutical evaluation (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. General idea about bio assay systems used in pharmaceutical evaluations	
	2. In vitro assays and in vivo assays with examples	
	3. Ethical issues of using animal assay systems	
401.0	4. Alternatives to animal assays – one or two examples	
401.2	Title: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) & DNA Fingerprinting (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Types of PCR & its applications	
	2. DNA amplification w.r.t its applications	

	3. DNA fingerprinting and applications
	4. Use of genomic techniques in diagnostics
401.3	<u>Title</u> : Automation and analysis (15)
	Subtonice
	Subtopies.
	1. Automation and its advantages in sample preparation
	2. Automation in bioanalysis
	3. Advanced automated liquid handling systems
	4. Robotic Workstations
	5. High throughput Screening
401.4	Title: Capillary Electrophoresis (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Introduction 2. How capillary electrophoresis works
	2. How capillary electrophoresis works
	4. CE hardware
	Use in bioanalysis
	PGBAS 401
	• CE separation of a modern drug from plasma and its formulation (e.g. DFS)
	• CE separation of peptides (e.g. erythropoietin as per E.P.)
	• CE separation of N. Acids (all CE experiment for demonstration)
	• PCR (PCR Kit may be used) for Plant DNA and RFLP (RFLP kit may be used)
	• DNA sequencing using sample from a suitable organism
	• Identification of Genetically Modified Organism (GMO identification kit may be
	used)
	• Blue white screening of mutated organism
	• Serum levels of drug attained by agar cup method
	• Zone of inhibition assay for antibiotics (using spiked plasma and formulation)

• Zone of exhibition assay for Vitamin B12		
DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES		
SEMESTER IV-theory PGBAS402-MS Applications, Metabolite Studies, Thermal Analysis and Tracer Techniques -II (Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)		
402.1	Title: Applications of Quantitative Analysis (15)	
	1.SM quantitation for e.g.	
	2. Macromolecule quantitation for e.g	
402.2	Title: Applications of Qualitative Analysis (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Technique of generating drug metabolites	
	2. Metabolite Identification	
	3. Impurity profiling	
402.3	Title: LC/MS/MS (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Impurity profile in drugs and drug products	
	2. Proteomics	
	3. Pesticides, pesticide residues in food	
402.4	Title: Tracer techniques in Bioanalytical assays (15)	
	Subtopics:	
	1. Concept of Radioactivity & Half life	
	2. \propto , β , γ emitters and their biological applications	
	3. Using tracers in assays 4. Detectors and counters	
	5. Concept of autoradiography	
	6. Radio labeled probes and their uses	
	PGBAS 402	
	• The project started in third semester should be finalised which will includes	

Preparation of herbal formulations and standardization of herbal formulation. Students should involve any modern chromatographic techniques, microscopic evaluation, chemical and physical tests for QC of formulation prepared. (Report making and presentation)

DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES

SEMESTER IV-theory

PGBAS403- Regulatory aspects of ASU, Nanotechnology, Drug Delivery systems, EDM, Regulatory issues

(Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)

403.1	Title: Regulatory Aspects of ASU drugs (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. National initiatives for regulation of ASU drugs
	2. Schedule T and Schedule Y of Drugs and Cosmetics Act
	3. International initiatives for regulation of ASU drugs with special reference to
	- WHO guidelines on traditional medicine
	- Approaches of US and EU to ASU drug regulation
	4. Provisions of Drugs and Cosmetics Act applied to ASU (e.g. Schedule T and Y)
403.2	<u>Title:</u> Introduction to Nanotechnology and Drug Delivery system (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Background of nanoscience
	2. Types of nanostructure and properties of nanomaterials
	3. Application of Nanomaterial: biological and environmental, membrane based
	application and polymer based application
	4. Types of drug delivery systems
	5. Dendrimers
	6. Moleculary imprinted polymers(MIPs) in drug delivery
	7. Liposomes: Enzyme activated, photo triggering and thermo sensitive
403.3	Title: Electronic Data Management (15)
	Subtenies
	Subtopics:
	1. Electronic Acquisition of data
	2. Management of data in Computers
	3. Electronic Data Validation and regulatory requirements
	4. Electronic signatures & its regulation
	5. Generating reports using computers 6. Regulatory requirements of Data evaluation

100.1	
403.4	(Title: Regulatory Issues (15)
	(Subtopics:
	1. OTC drugs
	2. Cosmetics
	(3. Food supplements)
	(4. Nutraceuticals w.r.t. FSSI regulations)
	PGBAS 403
	. ID notterne of an Asymptotic Dhame preparation (a solation containing shorts)
	• IR patterns of an Ayurveur Bhasma preparation (e.g. calcium containing shanka bhasma $-$ comparison with pure CaCO ₂ and formulations like Calcium supplement
	tablets)
	- AAS of a suitable Ayurvedic metal bhasma preparation (e.g. Tamara bhasma) /
	Paracetamol
	Environment audit report
	• Problem based on calculation of carbon credit and carbon footprint
	DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR M. Sc. BIOANALYTICAL SCIENCES
	SEMESTER IV-theory DCDAS404 TDM Decremental Sofety
	(Lecture allotment includes periods for Seminars and Discussions)
404.1	Title: Therapeutic drug monitoring and Pharmacovigilance (15)
404.1	<u>The repetite drug montoring and r narmacovignance (15)</u>
	Subtonics:
	1 Purpose of the apeutic Drug Monitoring
	2. Bioanalytical techniques in TDM
	3. Analytical and practical issues of TDM
	4. Pharmacoeconomics of TDM
	5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance
	 Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance
	5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance6. Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance7. Pharmacovigilance and safe use of medicines (with case studies)
404.2	 5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance 6. Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance 7. Pharmacovigilance and safe use of medicines (with case studies)
404.2	 5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance 6. Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance 7. Pharmacovigilance and safe use of medicines (with case studies) Title: Basics of Clinical Data Management (15)
404.2	 5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance 6. Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance 7. Pharmacovigilance and safe use of medicines (with case studies) Title: Basics of Clinical Data Management (15) Subtopics:
404.2	 5. Significance and need for Pharmacovigilance 6. Indian scenario and the role of regulatory in Pharmacovigilance 7. Pharmacovigilance and safe use of medicines (with case studies) Title: Basics of Clinical Data Management (15) Subtopics: What is CDM?

	3) Different terminologies in CDM
	4) Clinical study phases and CDM
	5) Important documents in CDM
	6) Other Aspects of Data Management
404.3	Title: Bioavailability (BA) & Bioequivalence (BE) studies – 2 (15)
	Subtopics:
	1. Design of a BA study
	2. Conduct of a BA study
	3. Data collection and evaluation
	4. Reporting a BA study
	5. Regulatory requirements of BA
	6. Design of a BE study
	7. Conduct of a BE study
	8. Regulatory requirements of BA and BE
	9. Data record and evaluation
	10. Estimating Pharmacokinetic parameters
	11. Assessment of Bioequivalence
	12. Regulatory requirements and their compliance in pharmacokinetics
404.4	Title: Environmental Safety in Bioanalytical laboratory (15)
	Subtopics:
	• Strategies to reduce environmental impact of Bioanalytical laboratory
	• Standards of Laboratory Safety (Including Biosafety Levels)
	• Overview of guidelines for laboratories handing Radioactive substances
	• Introduction to ISO 14001 and OSHAS 18001
	 Introduction to Environment Impact Assessment & Reporting
	 Disdiversity Ded Dete Deels, Endemis and endeneered Medicinal Plant Species
	• Biodiversity: Red Data Book, Endemic and endangered Medicinal Plant Species,
	Conservation and sustainable use of medicinal raw materials, Introduction to
	Wildlife Act of India & CITES
	Carbon footprints and Carbon credits.
	PGBAS 404
	• BA & BE of a modern drug (Demonstration – witnessing an actual trial)
	• Calculation of AUC and bioequivalence from the given data (2 expts.)
	• Total viable count of herbal formulations/raw material

• Screening of pathogens from herbal formulation/raw material (*E.coli, S. aureus, Candida albicans*)

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